

UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE



APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/480,826	01/10/2000	Charles S. Taylor	GUID-006CON5	4782
24353	7590 03/04/2005		EXAMINER	
BOZICEVIC, FIELD & FRANCIS LLP 1900 UNIVERSITY AVENUE			DAWSON, GLENN K	
SUITE 200	KSIIY AVENUE		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
EAST PALO	ALTO, CA 94303	3731		
			DATE MAILED: 03/04/2005	5

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Anting Occurrence	09/480,826	TAYLOR ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Glenn K Dawson	3731				
The MAILING DATE of this communication a Period for Reply	ppears on the cover sheet with th	e correspondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REP THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a re - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perio - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by state Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mai earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	1. 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be eply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) of will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS frute, cause the application to become ABANDO	e timely filed days will be considered timely. om the mailing date of this communication. NED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status	•					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 22	November 2004.					
2a) ☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☑ Th	nis action is non-final.					
	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-23</u> is/are pending in the application	nn					
•	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
5) Claim(s) 4 and 13 is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-3,5-12 and 14-23</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.		·				
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	l/or election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Exami	ner	•				
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the corre		•				
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the		:				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		•				
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreig	an priority under 35 U.S.C. & 119)(a)-(d) or (f)				
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:		(4) (4) 51 (1).				
1. Certified copies of the priority docume	ents have been received	·				
2. Certified copies of the priority docume		ation No.				
3. Copies of the certified copies of the pr						
application from the International Bure	·					
* See the attached detailed Office action for a li	, , , ,	ived.				
	·					
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) 🔲 Interview Summ					
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	l Date al Patent Application (PTO-152)					
 Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/C Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>11-22-2004</u>. 	6) Other:	in atent Application (1 10-102)				

Art Unit: 3731

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

Claims 5-12 and 14-23 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Koros, et al.-5167223.

Koros discloses a rib spreader having a frame 25,30, a 1st blade 700, 2nd blade 13, foot 11, actuator 45,55, locking mechanisms 400,500, wherein the actuator moves the 2nd blade away from the 1st blade along an axis; the locking mechanisms have locked and unlocked positions allowing for pivoting rotation of the 2nd blade and foot about an axis transverse to the 1st axis. The Foot is movable through adjusting the pivoting of the locking mechanisms 400 and 500 to a position vertically above the frame. See fig. 1,6,13,17,23 and 24. The entire device could be rotated by hand thus causing the foot and blade to be rotatable about a 2nd axis transverse to the 1st axis.

Art Unit: 3731

Claims 10-12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Giglio, et al.-5520610.

Giglio discloses a retractor having 1st and 2nd blades 13 attached to a frame 1 and a movable arm 2. The blades can be moved towards and away from each other along a 1st axis. A foot 38 is movable vertically relative to the frame. A locking mechanism 24,26,27 and 30 locks the foot relative to the frame. See fig. 1,3,8 and 11.

Claims 1,2,10 and 11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Tyagi-5755660.

Tyagi discloses a surgical retractor having a frame member 5, blades 13,14 attached to arms which when pivoted such that the blades oppose each other, movement of one of the arms using actuator (or drive member) 23 allows the blade to move relative to the frame along a first axis. A foot (or shoe) 15 attached to an arm coupled to the frame is movable relative to the frame and the blades along an axis transverse to the 1st axis. A locking mechanism 20 locks the foot and frame relative to each other. As shown in fig. 2 and 4, the locking mechanisms allow for pivoting of the blades and foot in a direction which is vertical, albeit in an arc.

Application/Control Number: 09/480,826

Art Unit: 3731

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

Claims 1,3 and 20-23 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Giglio, et al.-'610 in view of Koros, et al.-5167223.

Giglio discloses the invention as claimed with the exception of the actuator for moving the arm and 2nd blade towards and away from the other arm of the frame. Koros discloses the use of a crank lever actuator 60 for moving one arm of a frame relative to another. It would have been obvious to have provided an arrangement by which the arms could be moved relative to each other by an actuator, as taught by Koros, as this allows for easier retraction as it would then be unnecessary for the surgeon to place his hands into the incision and manually push the blades apart.

Allowable Subject Matter

Claims 4 and 13 are allowed.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed 11-22-2004 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

As outlined above, the movement of the foot of Tyagi is a vertical movement, in that the movement in an arc has a vertical component, which allows for the foot to be placed at a position vertically above the frame member.

Art Unit: 3731

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Glenn K Dawson whose telephone number is 703-308-4304. The examiner can normally be reached on M-Th 7:30-5:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Anhtuan T. Nguyen can be reached on 703-308-2154. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Glenn K Dawson Primary Examiner Art Unit 3731

Gkd 02 March 2005